

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

MONTHLY DEBT BULLETIN

APRIL 2013

1.0 PUBLIC DEBT

1.1 Introduction

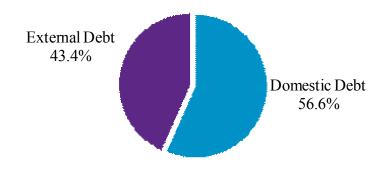
As at end April 2013, public and publicly guaranteed debt stood at Kshs 1,884.11 billion or 49.90 percent of GDP (see Table 1). The increase of 4.64 percent over the end March 2013 position is attributed to increase in domestic debt. Domestic debt increased by Ksh 85.64 billion to stand at Ksh 1,067.31 billion, while external debt decreased by Ksh 1.96 billion to stand at Ksh 816.80 billion in April 2013 due to exchange rate appreciation against world major currencies during the month. (See Table 1).

Table 1: Size of public debt, in billion

	USD
1,067.31	12.73
816.80	9.74
1,884.11	22.47
•	816.80

The structure of public and publicly guaranteed debt shows that 56.6 percent of the total debt is domestic debt while 43.4 percent is external debt as shown in Chart 1.

Chart 1: Composition of public debt



Source: Ministry of Finance

1.2 Cost/Risk Characteristics of Public Debt

Reflecting Government external debt strategy of contracting or guaranteeing external loans with highly concessional terms to minimise interest rate cost, the average interest rate and grace period on the external debt portfolio was 0.8 percent and 10.1 years, respectively. In addition, the average maturity period for external loans was 29.2 years while the average grant element was 68.3 percent.

As an indication of the success in lengthening the maturity structure of domestic debt to minimise refinancing risk in line with the Medium Term Debt Strategy, the average maturity profile of outstanding Government domestic debt remained at 5 years 1 months as at end April 2013.

,

1.3 Movement in Exchange Rates

Table 2 shows market indicative end-month foreign exchange rates for the period February 2013 to April 2013. The Kenya shilling appreciated against the US dollar and the Japanese Yen by 2.12 percent, 5.73 percent repsctively while the Kenya shilling depreciated against the Sterling Pound and the Euro by 0.30 percent and 0.36 percent respectively. The shilling stood at Kshs 83.82 to the US Dollar at end of April 2013. Appreciation or depreciation of the Kenya Shilling has the effect of decreasing or increasing external debt stock and the cost of debt service.

C ur ren cy	February 2013	March 2013	A pr il 2013
US Dollar	86.24	85.64	83.82
STG Pound	130.74	129.61	129.99
Euro	113.45	109.55	109.95
JPY(100)	93.25	90.96	85.75

Table 2: Movement in exchange rates

Source: Central Bank of Kenya

Chart 2 shows the trends in daily exchange rates between Kenya Shilling and the four major foreign currencies from December 2012 to April 2013. The four major currencies recorded a mixed performance over the month of April against all major world currencies.

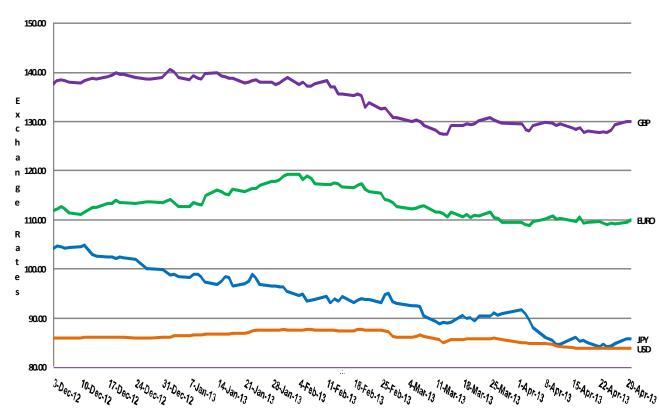


Chart 2: Kenya Shilling Exchange Rate

2.0 EXTERNAL DEBT

2.1 Size of Public and Publicly Guaranteed External Debt

Overall, public and publicly guaranteed external debt decreased by Kshs 1.96 billion to Kshs 816.80 billion from Kshs 818.76 billion in March 2013 as shown in Table 3.

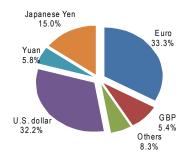
	March 2013		Ар	oril 2013
	Kshs	USD	Kshs	USD
Bilateral	217.06	2.53	213.28	2.54
Multilateral	486.76	5.68	488.62	5.83
Guaranteed	42.08	0.49	42.59	0.51
Others	14.96	0.18	14.85	0.18
Commercial Banks	57.90	0.68	57.46	0.68
Total	818.76	9.56	816.80	9.74

Table 3: External debt stock, in billions

Source: Ministry of Finance

These decrease can be attributed to the strengthening of the Kenya Shilling against the Japanese Yen. Chart 3 below indicates the currency composition of external debt, it shows that the Euro forms the largest share of the external debt portfolio followed by the US Dollar at 32.2 per cent.

Chart 3. Currency Composition



Source: Ministry of Finance

2.2 Structure of External Debt by Creditor

Official creditors account for 91.14 percent of the total public and publicly guaranteed external debt, out of which debts owed to multilateral creditors of Ksh 492.39 billion including Ksh 3.77 billion guaranteed debt owed to IDA dominate the portfolio (60.28 percent of the total). Bilateral debt stands at Kshs 252.10 billion (30.86 percent of the total), which includes Kshs 38.82 billion guaranteed debt, as shown in Chart 4 and Annex 1.

In the multilateral category, IDA, ADB/ADF, IMF and EEC/EIB account for the largest proportion of external credit, while Japan, France and Germany are the leading creditors in the bilateral category. The Commercial debt constitutes 7.03 percent of the total public and publicly guaranteed external debt.

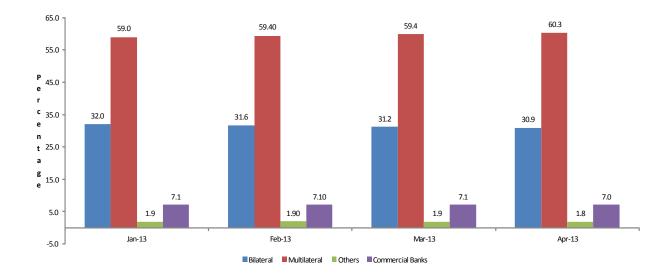
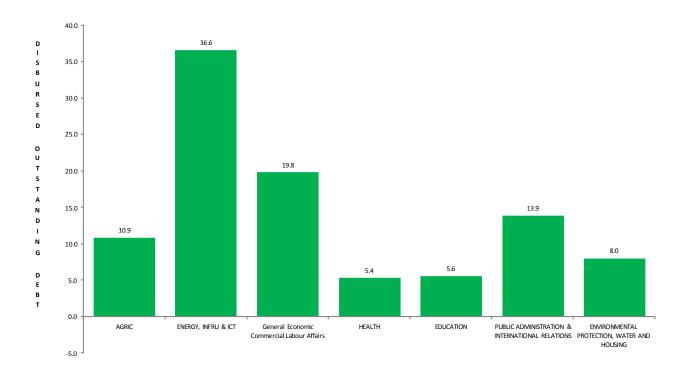


Chart 4: External Debt by Creditor

Source: Ministry of Finance

2.3 External Debt by Sector

Health and Education sector receives the least share of external loan funding while the Energy sector receives the largest share as illustrated by the graph below.



2.4 Projected Cumulative External Debt Service

Projected cumulative external debt service for the period to end April 2013 stood at Kshs 32.90 billion. Principal and interest projections for the month of April 2013 were Kshs 2.46 billion and Kshs 0.75 billion, respectively. Multilateral and bilateral creditors constitute 50.2 percent and 42.6 percent of the cumulative projected debt service respectively during the period under review as shown in Table 4.

Creditor category	Principal	Interest	Total
Bilateral	10,912.28	3,104.01	14,016.29
Multilateral	12,497.68	4,007.92	16,505.60
Commercial	_	2,373.41	2,373.41
Total	23,409.96	9,485.34	32,895.30

Table 4: Projected Cummulative External Debt Service as at end of April 2013, in Kshs million

Source: Ministry of Finance

2.5 Actual Cumulative External Debt Service

Actual cumulative debt service as at end April 2013 was Kshs 31.26 billion as reflected in Table 5. Actual principal and interest payments for the month of April 2013 was Kshs 3.06 billion and Kshs 2.29 billion respectively.

Table 5: Actual cumulative external debt service as at end of April 2013, in Kshs million

Credit category	Principal	Interest	Total
Bilateral	10,312.43	4,262.80	14,575.23
Multilaterals	11,227.29	3,208.46	14,435.75
Commercials	-	2,249.26	2,249.26
Totals	20,778.47	9,720.52	31,260.24

Source: Ministry of Finance

2.6 Budget Deviation

The actual cumulative debt service for April 2013 was below the projected debt service by Kshs 1.64 billion. The deviation is explained by changes in exchange rates between the actual and projected debt service payments and the monthly interest payments on the syndicated loan which is now payable semiannually instead of the projected monthly payments.

2.7 Guaranteed External Debt

Under the Public Financial Management Act, 2012, the government may issue guarantees so long as it does not exceed the statutory ceiling set by Parliament which currently stands at Kshs 200 billion. The guaranteed external debt increased by Kshs 0.51 billion to Kshs 42.59 billion in April 2013 from Ksh 42.08 billion in March 2013 due to disbursements made during the month.

Table 6: Guaranteed outstanding debt by creditor, in Kshs million

Creditor	February 2013	March 2013	April 2013
Japan	39,331.74	37,718.26	38,326.17
Canada	362.21	359.70	352.06
U.S.A	183.25	145.58	142.50
IDA (KR Concessionaire)	3,880.62	3,853.74	3,771.94
Totals	43,757.82	42,077.28	42,592.67

Source: Ministry of Finance

3.0 DOMESTIC DEBT

3.1 Central Government Domestic Debt

Government net domestic debt increased by Kshs 70.54 billion to Ksh 946.43 billion in April 2013 from Kshs 875.89 billion in March due to borrowing from the domestic market as indicated in Table 7.

	February 2013	March 2013	April 2013
Gross domestic debt	943.75	981.67	1,067.31
less			
Govt. deposits at CBK	-2.60	5.17	-10.37
Govt. deposits at commercial	-105.25	-105.25	-104.81
banks	-5.70	-5.70	-5.70
Govt. advances to parastatals			
Net domestic debt	830.20	875.89	946.43

Table 7: Government domestic debt, in Kshs billion

Source: Central Bank of Kenya

3.2 Government Domestic Borrowing

During the month of April 2013, Government securities worth Kshs 80 billion were advertised. Bids worth Kshs 193.71 billion were received, out of which, bids for the Treasury Bills and Treasury Bonds were Kshs 137.14 billion and Kshs 56.57 billion respectively. Successful bids amounted to Kshs 125.23 billion against the months redemptions of Kshs 59.06 billion leaving exchequer with a surplus of Kshs 66.17 billion.

Table 8: Government domestic borrowing, in Kshs million

	Treasury Bills	Treasury Bonds	Total
Advertised	55,000	25,000	80,000
Bids received	137,139	56,572	193,711
Successful bids	89,417	35,811	125,228
Redemptions (cost)	(29,225)	(29,835)	(59,060)
Net domestic borrowing	60,192	5,976	66,168

Source: Ministry of Finance

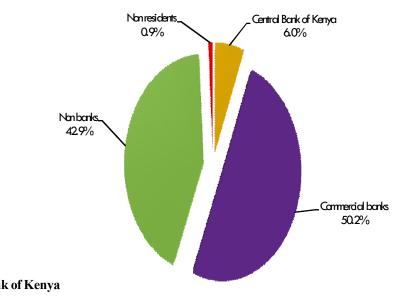
Instrument/Holder	Commercial banks	Non banks	Central Bank of Kenya	Non residents	Total
Treasury bonds	343.63	395.71	0.33	3.03	742.70
Treasury bills	185.45	61.97	0.01	6.63	254.06
Others	6.51	0.07	63.97	0.00	70.55
Total	535.59	457.75	64.31	9.66	1,067.31
Percentage Holding	50.2	42.9	6.0	0.9	100.00

Table 9: Domestic debt instruments by holder, in Kshs billion

Source: Central Bank of Kenya

At the end of April 2013 commercial banks continued to hold the largest proportion of the outstanding Government debt securities amounting to Kshs 535.59 billion or 50.2 percent as shown in Table 9 and Chart 5. The non banks held 42.9 percent of the outstanding Government paper, mostly Treasury Bonds. The non banks category comprises non bank financial institutions, National Social Security Fund (NSSF), parastatals, insurance companies, building societies, pension funds and individuals. Government debt worth Kshs 9.66 billion or 0.9 percent were held by non residents who invest through nominee accounts in the local banks. Kshs 64.31 billion held by Central Bank of Kenya comprises the Government overdraft and Repo Treasury Bills used for execution of monetary policy.

Chart 5: Domestic debt by holder as at end April 2013



3.3 Domestic Debt by Instruments

Chart 6 shows the composition of the domestic debt as at end April 2013. 69.6 percent of Government domestic debt was in Treasury Bonds, 23.8 percent in Treasury Bills while the balance is mainly the Government overdraft at the Central Bank of Kenya. The structure of the holding is consistent with the debt strategy of holding more domestic debt on longer dated instruments to minimise refinancing risk and promote development of domestic markets for Government securities.

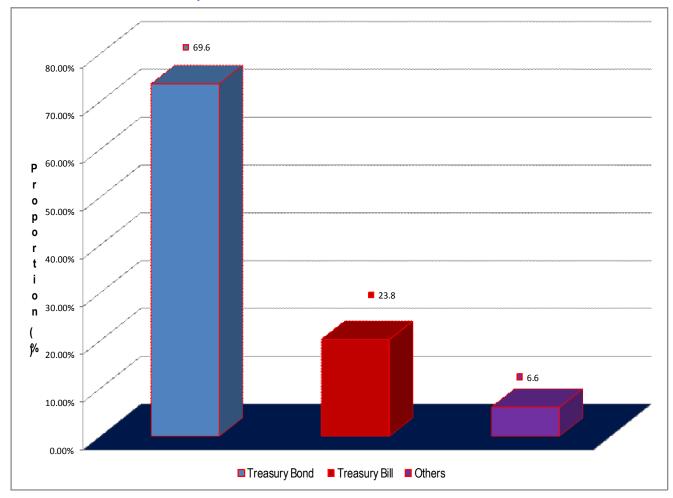


Chart 6: Domestic debt by instrument

3.4 Net Domestic Financing

Table 10 shows that as at end April 2013, the net domestic financing stood at Kshs 182.96 billion.

	June-2012	April-2013	Change
Treasury Bills	120.82	293.83	173.01
Treasury Bonds	661.30	675.18	13.88
Pre-1997 Govt. Overdraft debt	30.00	29.53	(0.47)
Other	7.81	(26.94)	(34.75)
of which Overdraft (from CBK)	7.26	34.19	26.93
Govt. deposits	93.69	62.40	(31.29)
Net Domestic Credit	726.24	909.20	182.96

Table 10: Net domestic financing, in Kshs billion

Source: Central Bank of Kenya

3.5 Cumulative Domestic Interest Payments

As at end April 2013, Government actual cumulative domestic interest payments stood at Kshs 89.88 billion against the cumulative projected interest payments of Kshs 89.79 billion. Actual interest payments on Treasury Bonds and Treasury Bills amounted to Kshs 67.25 billion and Kshs 18.94 billion respectively.

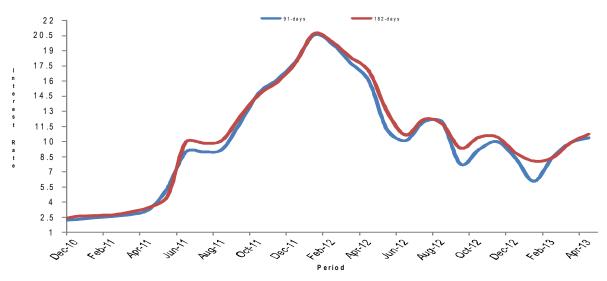
Table 11: Domestic interest payments, in Kshs million

Type of debt	Projected	Actual	Variance
Treasury bonds	67,165	67,245	80
Treasury bills	18,672	18,942	270
Overdraft	2,633	2,511	(122)
Pre-1997 overdraft debt	1,318	1,180	(138)
Totals	89,788	89,878	90

3.6 Average Interest rates for Treasury Bills

Chart 7 shows the monthly trends on average interest rates for both the 91-day and 182-day Treasury Bills since December 2010. During the month of April 2013, the average interest rates for the 91-day Treasury bills increased by 50 basis points to 10.38 percent and the 182-day Treasury bills increased by 86 basis points to 10.75 percent per annum from the end March 2013 position, 364-day Treasury bills stood at an average of 12.49 percent per annum in April 2013.





Source: Central Bank of Kenya

3.7 Yields on Treasury Bonds

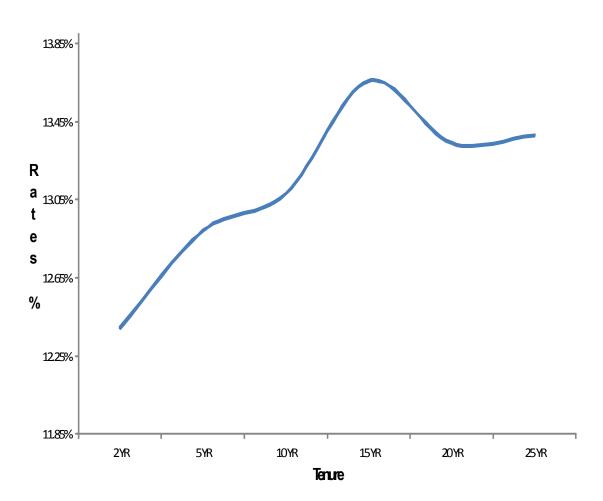
The Government has been implementing a Benchmark Bond programme to increase liquidity around selected Bonds and promote secondary trading. One of the key objectives of the programme is to lower both refinancing risk and cost of borrowing by the Government. Table 12 shows the yields on selected benchmark Treasury Bonds in the secondary market.

Table 12 : Yields on selected Treasury Bonds

Tenure	Rate (%)	
2 YR	12.39	
5 YR	12.89	
10 YR	13.08	
15 YR	13.66	
20 YR	13.34	
25 YR	13.38	

Source: Nairobi Securities Exchange (NSE)





CREDITOR	Stock at end March 2013	Stock at end April 2013	Change
CENTRAL GOVERNMENT			
BILATERAL			
AUSTRIA	1,045.05	1,048.80	3.75
BELGIUM	7,442.68	7,623.48	180.80
CANADA	1,087.13	1,064.06	(23.07)
DENMARK	2,039.23	1,977.34	(61.89)
FINLAND	101.51	100.62	(0.89)
FRANCE	45,823.06	45,484.09	(338.97)
GERMANY	24,646.38	24,734.92	88.54
ITALY	2,097.33	2,100.28	2.95
JAPAN	49,673.68	47,148.64	(2,525.04)
NETHERLANDS	2,750.82	2,698.92	(51.90)
UK	1,812.79	1,818.23	5.44
USA	4,773.90	4,639.04	(134.86)
PARIS CLUB OTHERS	4,914.28	5,089.63	175.35
NON PARIS CLUB o/w CHINA	68,850.13 62,266.13	67,750.32 61,141.28	(1,099.81) (1,124.85)
Sub total	217,058.01	213,278.37	(3,779.64)
MULTILATERAL			
ADB/AFDB	81,552.66	83,364.16	1,811.50
EEC/EIB	15,601.44	15,641.47	40.03
IDA	298,951.24	299,875.97	924.73
IFAD	7,739.52	8,732.84	993.32
IMF	74,032.92	72,232.72	(1,800.20)
OTHERS	8,887.94	8,769.87	(118.07)
Sub total	486,765.73	488,617.04	1,851.31
COMMERCIAL BANKS	57,905.16	57,455.88	(449.28)
SUPPLIERS CREDIT	14,957.46	14,852.60	(104.86)
Sub Tota l	776,686.36	774,203.89	(2,482.47)
GUARANTEED DEBT			
CANADA	359.70	352.06	(7.64)
JAPAN	37,718.26	38,326.17	607.91
USA	145.58	142.50	(3.08)
IDA (KR Concessionaire)	3,853.74	3,771.94	(81.80)
Sub Total	42,077.28	42,592.67	515.39
GOK+ GUARANTEED TOTAL	818,763.64	816,796.56	(1,967.08)

ANNEX 1: STOCK OF PUBLIC AND PUBLICLY GUARANTEED DEBT BY SOURCE (IN KSHS MILLIONS)

Source: Ministry of Finance

Information in this publication may be reproduced without restriction provided that due acknowledgement of the source is made.

Enquiries covering the publication should be addressed to:

The Director, Debt Management Department,

Ministry of Finance 1st Floor, Treasury Building, Harambee Avenue P.O Box 30007-00100, Nairobi, Kenya Tel: (254) 20 2252299 Fax: (254) 20 315294 Email: dmd@treasury.go.ke